# Francis Poulenc

# SONATA Flute and Piano

Edited by
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Contributing Editor
PATRICIA HARPER
(1994)

with Historical Introduction and Editorial Commentary in English, French, and German.

This piece has been arranged for Flute and Orchestra by Lennox Berkeley; score and parts are available on hire from the publisher.

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### HISTORICAL INTRODUCTION<sup>1</sup>

Francis Poulenc first mentioned that he was writing a flute sonata in a letter to his friend, the baritone Pierre Bernac, dated 2 September [1952] in which he remarked, 'Momentarily I have abandoned the Sonata for Two Pianos for a Sonata for Flute which suddenly took shape at the Austerlitz station last Thursday.'2 Confirmation of this was published in the October issue of *The Chesterian*, the official magazine of Chester Music, which stated: 'Francis Poulenc is at present writing a Sonata for Flute and Piano which, it is hoped, will be ready for publication early next year. The work is being specially composed for a well known American flautist, who will introduce it in the United States.'3 Very possibly the 'well known American flautist' was Julius Baker, who at this time was about to leave his position as principal of the Chicago Symphony and return to New York for positions as a teacher at The Juilliard School and as a performer in the CBS Orchestra and the Bach Aria Group.<sup>4</sup> Three letters from Poulenc to his publisher R. Douglas Gibson at Chester indicate that he contemplated resuming the work over a period of years. In 1953 he wrote: 'I am just finishing my Sonata for Two Pianos. God knows if I will ever take up the Flute Sonata again because I am going to write a large opera for La Scala based on The Dialogues of the Carmelites. '5 In 1955 he added, 'After the summer I hope to take up again my idea for a Sonata for Flute.' Finally, in early 1956, Poulenc wrote, 'Perhaps this summer I will finish the Sonata for Flute.'

It is not known if this 'early' sonata is directly related to the published sonata, but it is highly likely. In a letter dated 3 April 1956, Harold Spivacke, Chief of the Music Division of the Library of Congress acting in his joint capacity as spokesperson for the Coolidge Foundation at the Library of Congress, wrote to Poulenc offering a commission for a piece of chamber music for a festival to take place on 19–21 October 1956.<sup>6</sup> Although Spivacke proposed a piece for two pianos, he left Poulenc the option of a different sort of work providing it did not exceed six instruments. Poulenc responded in a letter dated 13 April [1956] declining the commission on the grounds that he was just finishing the orchestration of

his opera and that the premiere in Milan was too close. Undeterred, Spivacke again offered the commission in a letter dated 9 May 1956. Poulenc delayed his response until August at which point he noted that his opera was in order and that he could now envision writing something. He suggested a Sonata for Flute and Piano, dedicated to the memory of Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge, and agreed to Spivacke's proposed terms of \$750 and the gift of the original manuscript to the Library of Congress provided that he could reserve the premiere for the Strasbourg Festival in June 1957.

Apparently Jean-Pierre Rampal learned about the sonata in a phone call from Poulenc not long after the commission. In his autobiography Rampal recalled the occasion. 'Jean-Pierre,' said Poulenc: 'you know you've always wanted me to write a sonata for flute and piano? Well, I'm going to,' he said. 'And the best thing is that the Americans will pay for it! I've been commissioned by the Coolidge Foundation to write a chamber piece in memory of Elizabeth Coolidge. I never knew her, so I think the piece is yours.'

Additional letters between Poulenc and Spivacke or his deputies consummated the agreement, and Poulenc wrote the work in Cannes, France between December of 1956 and March of 1957. In a letter to Bernac dated 8 March [1957], Poulenc called the Sonata a work with 'Debussyste' proportions. On 9 March 1957 Poulenc wrote to R. Douglas Gibson of his progress: 'The first two movements of the Sonata are complete. I am pleased with them. It is a question of an Allegretto melancolico and of a Cantilena. The finale will be an Allegro giocoso. Poulenc must have completed the finale quickly, because on 7 June 1957, just eleven days before he and Rampal presented the world premiere at the Strasbourg Festival, he mailed the completed manuscript to the Library of Congress.8 Initially Poulenc intended to come to the United States to perform the work at the Library and actually proposed a recital with the singer Alice Esty which would have included the second American performance of his song cycle Le Travail du peintre. 9 When he realized that this concert would be his only reason for

Information contained in this introduction is taken from Carl B. Schmidt's A Catalogue of the Music of Francis Poulenc (1899–1963) (Oxford, England: Oxford University Press, forthcoming) and from Patricia Harper's articles 'A Fresh Look at Francis Poulenc's Sonata for Flute and Piano, 'The Flutist Quarterly 17, No. 1 (1992): 8–23 and 'A Further Look at Francis Poulenc's Sonata for Flute and Piano, 'The Flutist Quarterly 18, No. 2 (1993/94): 48–57. See also her letter to the editor in The Flutist Quarterly 17, No. 3 (1992): 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See the unpublished letter in Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Manuscript Department. All letters by Poulenc quoted in this edition have been translated from the French by the editor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See vol. 27, no. 172 (Oct. 1952): 40.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Private conversations between Harper and Baker (25 Aug. and 16 Oct. 1993).

See Poulenc's unpublished letters of 23 April [1953], 17 June [1955], and 25 Feb. [1957] London, J. W. Chester Archive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For this and other letters between Poulenc, Spivacke, and members of the staff, see 'Music Division Old Correspondence' at the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C.

Jean-Pierre Rampal, Music, My Love: An Autobiography with Deborah Wise (New York: Random House, 1989), pp. 125-6. For a similar, but not identical account, see Katherine Goll-Wilson, 'Jean-Pierre Rampal on Making Music,' Flute Talk 10 (May 1991): 9-13.

The unofficial premiere was given on 17 June 1957. In Rampal's words: 'On the morning before the first performance, Poulenc called me. "Arthur Rubinstein is here," he said. "I've just talked to him, and he very much wants to hear my new sonata. The only trouble is, he has to leave tomorrow before the performance. Do you think you could come over right now and have just one more rehearsal?" "With pleasure," I replied. So the unofficial premiere . . . took place in a concert hall in Strasbourg with an audience of one — Arthur Rubinstein, sitting in the middle of the front row. The applause we received from him was as memorable as at any concert I have played.' See Rampal, *Music, My Love*, p. 128.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Poulenc's letter of 7 June [1957].

coming to America, he demurred and suggested that the American premiere be arranged with Rampal and his pianist Robert Veyron-Lacroix. The American premiere took place in the Coolidge Auditorium at the Library of Congress on 14 February 1958 and was, according to newspaper accounts and a letter from Spivacke to Poulenc, a rousing success.<sup>10</sup>

Between the world premiere and the American premiere Poulenc found time to introduce the sonata to the English-speaking world through the BBC, a forum he had used on numerous occasions dating back to the 1920s. On 16 January 1958 Poulenc played the work with the renowned English flutist Gareth Morris. <sup>11</sup> Since these early performances, and Poulenc was to give others before his death, the Sonata for Flute and Piano has become one of the most frequently-performed and well-loved flute sonatas in the entire repertoire. <sup>12</sup> In preparing this new edition, the editors hope not only to clarify many textual issues but also to supply sufficient documentation for those who wish to know more about the background of the work and the significant problems involved in editing it.

## THE SOURCES

The following sources, with their numerical sigla, have been used in preparing this new edition.

- 1. Autograph draft score (United States: New York City, Pierpont Morgan Library, Frederich R. Koch Foundation 639). This manuscript was given by Poulenc to his personal physician and bears the inscription in Poulenc's hand 'Pour mon ange / gardien, le cher / Docteur Chevalier / tendrement / Poulenc / [rule].' The manuscript is dated 'Majestic / Cannes / Décembre / 56' after movement 1 and 'Majestic / Cannes / Décembre [1956] / Mars 57' after movement 3. Companion to Source 3.
- 2. Autograph presentation score (United States: Washington D.C., Library of Congress, ML29c. P78 no. 1 case). Sent by Poulenc on 7 June 1957 to satisfy terms of the Coolidge Foundation commission.
- 3. Autograph flute part (France: Private library of Jean-Pierre Rampal). Used in preparing for the first performance, 18 June 1957. Companion to Source 1.
- 4. Copyist's flute part (Great Britain: Private library of Gareth Morris). Used for the first English performance on the BBC and inscribed to Morris by Poulenc on 16 Jan. 1958. This manuscript bears the inscription 'Pour Monsieur Morris / qui joue si merveilleusement / cette Sonate / avec un bien amical / merci. / Fr. Poulenc / [rule] / 16/1/58' and 'Day of the first Carmélites / performance', both in Poulenc's hand.
- 5a. First printed score (5a<sup>s</sup>) and part (5a<sup>p</sup>)(London: J. & W. Chester, Ltd. (J. W. C. 1605)), © 1958; 'Printed in Denmark' and 'WILHELM HANSENS NODESTIK OG TRYK KØBENHAVN. 1958 PRINTED IN DENMARK'; 23p + [i]; 30cm and part 8p; marked 'The flute part has been revised by JEAN-PIERRE RAMPEL [sic]'. The so-called '16th

- edition', the most current at this writing, contains only the slightest variants when compared to the first edition, and does not represent, in the technical sense, a new edition. It is actually a photographic reprint with occasional minor alterations.
- **5b.** Editions 2–16 printed by Chester: score (**5b**<sup>s</sup>) and part (**5b**<sup>p</sup>). For a description, see above.
- 6. Pulenk, F. Sonata dlya fleity i f-p. [Red. partii fleity Zh. Rampel']. M.: Muzgiz, 1966. [Poulenc, F. Sonata for Flute and Pianoforte. [Editor of the flute part J. Rampel [Jean-Pierre Rampal]]. Edited by V. Zverev, Moscow: Muzgiz, 1966]. 24p (score), 8p (part); 29cm; 3,240 copies; 39 copecks. This edition, based on 5a<sup>s&p</sup> above, has not been collated. (Copy in Library of Congress.)
- **7a.** Two pages of minor corrections in Poulenc's hand sent by him to J. W. Chester before the printed score and part were published (Great Britain: London, J. W. Chester Archive).
- **7b.** An uncorrected set of proofsheets for the flute part (Great Britain: London, J. W. Chester Archive).
- **8a.** Sound recording made by Jean-Pierre Rampal and Francis Poulenc at the time of the first performance in Strasbourg (18 June 1957).
- **8b.** Sound recording made by Gareth Morris and Francis Poulenc for a BBC broadcast, 16 January 1958. (Copy in the possession of Morris.)
- 8c. Sound recording made by Jean-Pierre Rampal and Francis Poulenc during June 1959 as part of the series 'Présence de la Musique Contemporaine' (Véga C 35 A 181; re-released by Wergo as WER 50004, ca. 1963). The recording engineer was Pierre Rosenwald.

See Day Thorpe's review in *The Evening* Star (Washington D.C.), 19 Feb. 1958 and Spivacke's letter of 24 Feb. 1958 in which he wrote: 'I am writing to tell you that the performance by Messrs. Rampal and Veyron-La Croix of your Sonata for Flute and Piano was a great success. The audience reaction was most enthusiastic, and I want you to know that we in the Music Division enjoyed it immensely.' A recording of this performance was sent to Poulenc with a copy retained by the Library of Congress.

A tape of this performance, discarded by the BBC and now in the possession of M Morris, was consulted by the editors for this

For a detailed list of recordings including those by Poulenc, see Francine Bloch, *Phonographies Francis Poulenc 1928–1982* (Paris: Bibliothèque Nationale, 1984), pp. 186–90. See especially the two recordings made with Rampal in 1957 and 1959, and a third made at the Festival de Menton with Christian Lardé on 3 July 1962. In a letter to Gibson dated 14 Nov. [1957], Poulenc wrote of the first, 'I am happy to tell you that the recording of the Sonata for Flute [and Piano] is excellent.'

## Relationship of the Sources and Missing Sources

In his autobiography, Jean-Pierre Rampal recounts that Poulenc, while in the midst of rehearsals for the Paris production of Dialogues des Carmélites (first given 18 June 1957), repeatedly summoned him to his 5 rue de Médicis apartment to play through the sonata as it grew.<sup>13</sup> Rampal makes clear that upon first sight: 'The first movement seemed disjointed, and there wasn't much of a theme or direction. The ideas came and went, but had no real coherence. And some of the fingering was impossible. I said so.' On a second occasion Rampal reported, 'I saw that his ideas were more coherent this time, but still far from finished.' Apparently Poulenc sent him off with some scraps of music to 'see if it's playable.' These meetings continued and Rampal noted: 'I did change a few phrases here and there and gave Francis some ideas as to how the work should hang together . . . but I simply couldn't see where the piece was going and was very much afraid Francis couldn't either. Yet he became more confident, and slowly but surely the Sonata for Flute and Piano took its final shape.'

Unfortunately, none of the manuscript fragments referred to above by Rampal has survived, and the earliest known written record of the Sonata is the rough piano score which Poulenc marked 'monstre Brouillon' on the first page (Source 1). This manuscript shows numerous signs of composition and clearly represents an early stage of the work in Poulenc's conception. It contains various cancelled measures, and the primary accompanimental figure in the first movement was to undergo considerable revision before the work was published.

The flute part in Poulenc's hand (Source 3), which Rampal indicates was used to prepare for the Strasbourg premiere, follows Source 1 in many particulars (dynamics, written-out trills, octave transpositions, cancelled passages, location of rehearsal numbers, etc.). It would appear that Rampal made changes to this part probably while rehearsing with Poulenc for the premiere because his additions often revise details written by Poulenc. This part is not the one from which either Source 4 or the printed scores (Sources 5as&p & 5bs&p) was copied.

The only manuscript fair copy of the work is Source 2, the exemplar Poulenc sent to the Library of Congress to satisfy terms of the Coolidge commission. This manuscript is neatly written and generally free from errors, and it contains considerable revisions when compared to Sources 1 and 3. Absolutely no markings appear on the manuscript which would indicate that it was ever used for performance, but it does contain some tiny notations in black pencil which are similar to those added by engravers as they plan the layout of each page during the process of engraving. Who made these

markings and what they mean remains a mystery, but it can be stated unequivocally that this manuscript was not used in the engraving process. Moreover, the lack of performance markings is significant because it helps confirm that other manuscript scores existed which are now missing.

Source 4, in the hand of Poulenc's professional copyist (Monsieur Gunst?)<sup>14</sup>, was copied sometime later in 1957 and given by Poulenc to Gareth Morris in preparation for their BBC performance on 16 January 1958. Morris has recalled that Poulenc did not send him a piano score so that he had little conception of the Sonata at the time of first rehearsal with Poulenc. This, the earliest part containing metronome markings, is inscribed 'THE FLUTE PART HAS BEEN REVISED BY JEAN-PIERRE RAMPAL.' We know that this part was lent by Morris to Chester Music and that it was the principal source for the printed flute part (but probably not for the flute part printed in the piano score, which contains significant variants in phrasing).<sup>15</sup>

The preparation of the printed first edition (Source  $5a^{s\&p}$ ) is the subject of considerable uncertainty. Although it was pointed out above that Source 4 was used to produce the printed flute part, Rampal has stated *emphatically* that he did *not* revise the flute part, as is indicated on the part. The statement was probably added by the copyist at Poulenc's direction as a gesture to Rampal for his collaboration during the genesis of the work. Rampal has also stated that he had no contact with Chester concerning the part and noted the irony that his name was misspelled on the first edition. To

Precisely how the score was prepared is a complicated web to untangle. Three letters to R. Douglas Gibson from Poulenc mention his plans to transport a manuscript to London. In the first, received at Chester on 29 July 1957, Poulenc advised: 'I will bring you the score of my Sonata on the way to Edinburgh on 2 September.' In a second dated 23 August [1957], Poulenc wrote: 'I will bring to your establishment a very clean copy of the Sonata so that engraving it will not be difficult. Concerning the contract, nothing is pressing. I remind you that for this work I require the total sum of 250£.' Finally, in a third letter received by Chester on 30 August 1957, Poulenc wrote 'I will come by Chester Tuesday morning 3 September and bring you the manuscript of my Sonata for Flute.' Whatever manuscript Poulenc finally delivered to Chester has disappeared without a trace.'18 Apparently the formal contract for the Sonata was signed later when Poulenc delivered his Elegy for Horn and Piano to Chester.19 Many Poulenc manuscripts used as engraver's copies remain in the hands of his publishers, but in the last half decade of his life he habitually asked for their return, often presenting

<sup>13</sup> See Rampal, Music, My Love, pp. 125–28 for his account.

<sup>14</sup> Gunst is one of the few copyists employed by Poulenc whose name we know from Poulenc's correspondence.

<sup>15</sup> Many of these variants are catalogued in the two articles by Patricia Harper mentioned in footnote 1.

Poulenc's Sonata for Violin and Piano states 'Partie de violon doigtée et annotée par Ginette NEVEU' and his Sonata for Violoncello and Piano states 'La partie de Violoncelle a été établie par l'auteur en collaboration avec PIERRE FOURNIER.'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Various conversations between Harper and Rampal.

<sup>18</sup> This manuscript is not presently in the collections of either Hansen or Chester and has not been located elsewhere.

Letter to Gibson dated 27 Nov. [1957].

them to special friends or retaining them in his own personal collection.<sup>20</sup>

The next mention of the Sonata in Poulenc's correspondence occurs in a letter from Rome written on 27 January 1958. With it Poulenc returned the set of proofs saying: 'Here, finally, are the corrected proofs for the Sonata. One must make a second set that you will have corrected very carefully by a specialist in order to save time.' Poulenc then requested that a copy of the flute part be sent to him immediately suggesting that Gibson ask Gareth Morris for his part. Poulenc, who needed the part for a performance on the 12th [of February?l, added that he would play the piano part from the first proofs if they could be returned to him after corrections had been made. The winter 1958 issue of The Chesterian advertised the Sonata as 'in the press' and that it would be 'ready Jan./Feb. 1958.'21 By June the Sonata still had not been published, and Poulenc expressed his impatience to Gibson on 13 June: 'In effect, my dear Gibson, I do not understand at all the delay with the

Sonata. I hope that we will have it soon because people are asking for it everywhere, month after month, all the more so because Rampal is going to promenade it around the world.'

Again we are frustrated by the fact that neither the first nor the second set of corrected proofs can be located and all that remains is a single uncorrected set for the flute part (Source 7b). Poulenc is known to have worked directly on printed copies in making significant revisions to a few pieces and somewhat more frequently when revising old ones for new editions. Unfortunately, few proofsheets corrected by Poulenc have come to light, and it is suspected that the vast majority of them were simply discarded once the corrections were entered.22 All that is known to remain of the entire printing process before the edition was published are the Gareth Morris part (Source 4), several pages of Poulenc's corrections (Source 7a), of a distinctly minor nature, and the uncorrected proofsheets for the flute part (Source 7b).

## PROBLEMS OF AUTHORITY

In preparing the new edition of the Sonata for Flute and Piano, no single source could be used without careful consideration of the others. There are major differences between the presentation score (Source 2) and the first printed edition (Source  $5a^{s&p}$ ). Some changes have also been introduced in later 'editions' (reprints) of the printed score and part (Source  $5b^{s&p}$ ). Moreover, the printed score and part contain many inconsistencies in phrasing and various errors of rhythm, pitch, articulation, dynamics, rehearsal numbers, etc. Source 2 has been used as the principal source, but given the fact that neither the manuscript sent to the engraver nor the corrected proofsheets can be located, various

emendations have been made on the authority of the printed edition, especially when they are corroborated by Source 8a (Poulenc's 1957 recording with Rampal), Source 8b (Poulenc's 1958 recording with Morris), or Source 8c (Poulenc's 1959 recording with Rampal). All such emendations have been logged in the critical report, and the source of the emendation and the reason for its acceptance discussed. Other variants are logged only if they have significance. In particular, where the old printed edition (Sources  $5a^{s&p}$  &  $5b^{s&p}$ ) is at substantive variance with the new edition, the alternate reading in Sources  $5a^{s&p}$  &  $5b^{s&p}$  has been logged.

## **EDITORIAL CONVENTIONS**

The following editorial conventions are observed. Emendations not found in the principal source (Source 2) are placed in square brackets except for slurs, which contain a strike through the middle. Where Poulenc has provided alternate endings, written-out trills, or cancelled measures, these alternatives are noted, and some are printed as musical examples in the commentary. Measure numbers in italics are added to facilitate the reporting of variants; the rehearsal numbers are Poulenc's own. In reporting, the designation '4.3' indicates measure four,

sign three. (Any note, tied note, or rest is considered to be a sign.) The designation '4.3/4 indicates measure four, between signs three and four. The following abbreviations occur: Fl (flute), Pn (piano), rh (right hand), and lh (left hand). All source numbers are printed in bold type. Pitches are noted according to the following system: CC C c c<sup>1</sup> [middle] c<sup>2</sup> c<sup>3</sup> c<sup>4</sup>. Notational inconsistencies (directions of stemming and beaming, etc.) are normalized without comment.

The Elégie pour cor et piano, for example was sold by Poulenc to the Library of Congress, 'Une Chanson de porcelaine', Improvisations 13-15, and Laudes de Saint Antoine de Padoue were presented to Madame Lambiotte, the Elégie (en accords alternés) pour deux pianos was presented to Christ Schung, La Courte Paille was given to Denise Duval, and the Sonatas for Oboe and Clarinet remained in Poulenc's own possession.

See 32, no. 193 (winter 1958): inside rear cover.

On rare occasions he presented proofsheets to such friends as Georges Auric and Nadia Boulanger, but several of Poulenc's publishers made a point of discarding the corrected proofs he returned, and Poulenc would have had to make a special effort to save them from the dustbin.

#### SELECTED CRITICAL NOTES Fl: 36.6 5ap & 5bp give a tenuto Movement 1 FI: 36.11 3, 4, 5ap, & 5bp give a staccato FI: 39.1-3 5a & 5b lack staccatos Location Source and Comment 5ap & 5bp lack a staccato Fl: 39.4 Reading in 5as&p & 5bs&p emended Rubric Fl: 40.2-3 2 gives staccatos while 1 & 3 give no to follow 2. 1 & 3 give 'Allegretto articulation marks; slurs given on manincolico'; 4 gives 'Allegro authority of 4, 5a<sup>s</sup>, 5b<sup>s</sup>, 8a, 8b, & 8c manlincolico'; 5as&p give 'Allegro Fl: 40.4 2 gives a quaver rest malincolico' with metronome marking Fl: 40.6 'mf' added on authority of 1, 5as, & of J = 84, but in **5b**<sup>8&p</sup> the erroneous **5b**<sup>s</sup> (cf. Pn: 41.1) 'Allegro malinconico' has returned; 6 Pn: 46.2–48.3 (rh) 2 lacks slur; added on authority of 5a<sup>s</sup> gives 'Allegro malincolico'. The & 5b<sup>s</sup> (cf. Fl: 42.2–44.2) editors are aware that Poulenc seems 4, 5a<sup>s</sup>, & 5b<sup>s</sup> give the rhythm f<sup>2</sup> Fl: 50.2-4 to have accepted the use of 'Allegro' quaver-quaver rest for this movement (see 7a where F1: 53.1/2 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> break the phrase here 'Allegro malincolico' appears in Fl: 54.4-55.4 1 & 3 write out the trills as follows: Poulenc's hand), but feel that his Ex. 2 metronome marking is much closer to 'Allegretto' than to 'Allegro'. If anything, his recordings lie under the indicated tempo, not over. Metronome Metronome markings appear only in 4, 5as&p, & 5bs&p. Rampal says that all stem up on $c^2$ added on authority of 1 Pn: 56.5 (rh) such markings were added by Poulenc. (but given as $c^1$ ) and cf. 102.5 (rh) In the new edition, they have been 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give b<sup>2</sup> natural F1: 56.7 added in brackets without comment. 4, 5as&p, & 5bs&p give 'p' Fl: 57.1/2 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> break the phrase here F1: 0.2 'f' added on authority of 4, 5as, & 5bs Fl: 60.4 Pn: 1.1 5as & 5bs give 'p dolce' (cf. Pn: 61) 1 & 3 write out the trills as follows: Fl: 2.4-3.4 Fl & Pn: 61.1 'surtout sans ralentir' added on Ex. 1 authority of 4, 5as, & 5bs Pn: 61.5-62.1 (rh) 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> contain a slur in the melody Fl: 62.1-63.1 5ap & 5bp lack the tie Pn: 62.5 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give an accent Pn: 63.1-5 5as & 5bs give a slur 4, 5as&p, & 5bs&p give 'pp' Fl: 65.1 'mf' added on authority of 1, 4, 5a<sup>s&p</sup>, Fl: 8.4 4, 5a<sup>s&p</sup>, & 5b<sup>s&p</sup> give 'Un peu plus Fl: 73.1 & 5bs&p Pn: 9.1 **5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup>** give 'fp' 4, 5a<sup>s&p</sup>, & 5b<sup>s&p</sup> give 'mf' Fl: 73.1 Fl: 10.4-11.4 1 & 3 write out the trills (see Fl: F1: 73.1-75.10 The phrasing of this passage raises 2.4 - 3.4 above) many questions. 1, 2, 3, 5a<sup>s</sup>, & 5b<sup>s</sup> Fl: 11.1 & 11.4 5as & 5bs give tenutos instead of give three phrases as printed. 4, 5ap, & staccatos; 5ap & 5bp give one staccato **5b**<sup>p</sup> give 6 phrases (73.1–5; 73.6–74.7; and one tenuto 74.8-75.1; 75.2-75.4; 75.5-7; 75.8-10). added on authority of 1 (cf. 116) Pn: 18.1-4 (rh) **8a & 8c** give one phrase (73.1–75.10). F1: 20.3 2 gives a quaver rest **8b** gives two phrases (73.1-74.7;Fl: 20.4-21.4 1 & 3 write out the trills (see Fl: 74.8-75.10). Cf. the Pn: 80.1-83.2, 2.4 - 3.4) which also makes three phrases. FI: 21.1 & 21.4 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> lack staccatos (4, 5a<sup>p</sup>, & 5b<sup>p</sup> FI: 73.5 dot wanting give staccato only for 21.1) FI: 74.1-2 5ap & 5bp lack a tie 5as & 5bs break the phrase here (8a FI: 25.1/2 Fl & Pn: 76.1 **4, 5a<sup>s</sup>, & 5b<sup>s</sup>** give 'f' does, 8b does not) 4, 5a<sup>s&p</sup>, & 5b<sup>s&p</sup> give 'mf' Fl & Pn: 78.1 Fl: 27.1/2 5as & 5bs break the phrase here (8a Pn: 79.1-2 (rh) 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give a tenuto over each beat does, 8b does not) and slur the two chords Fl: 29.1/2 5as & 5bs break the phrase here 4, 5a<sup>s</sup>, & 5b<sup>s</sup> give 'mf' Fl: 83.1 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give an accent Fl: 33.1 Pn: 84.1-2 (rh) 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give a crescendo to 'f' Pn: 34.1 'sans pédale' added on authority of Pn: 84 beat 2 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> lack a tenuto on both chords 5as, 5bs, 8a, 8b, & 8c Pn: 85.1-3 (rh top)5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> lack a tenuto over each chord FI: 34.2 & 5 5ap & 5bp give tenutos Pn: 85.3 (lh) 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give a crotchet Fl: 35.5 5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup> give an accent; 5a<sup>p</sup> & 5b<sup>p</sup> do Pn: 86.1 5as & 5bs give 'sf'

5ap & 5bp slur these four notes

FI: 36.1-4

Fl & Pn: 90.1

2 gives no dynamic change; emended on

authority of 4, 5a<sup>s&p</sup>, 5b<sup>s&p</sup>, 8a, & 8b

Pn: 90.1-91.1 (rl	a) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a tenuto on each chord
F1: 92.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'f'
Pn: 92.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'mf'
Pn: 92.2 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a crescendo
Fl: 93.8/9	2, as well as 1, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , lack a
	semiquaver rest; added to 4 in a
	different hand (Morris's?)
Pn: 93/94	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'mf'
Pn: 94.2 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a crescendo
Fl: 96.1	5a <sup>p</sup> & 5b <sup>p</sup> give 'f'; 4 gives 'mp'
Pn: 96.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'mf'
Fl: 97.2-4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack the slur
Fl: 98.1–100.2	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> phrasing differs
Pn: 98.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a tenuto
Fl: 98.2–4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack the slur
Pn: 98.4 (lh)	2 lacks a fermata; added on authority
1 II. 90.4 (III)	of 5as & 5bs
Fl: 100.4-101.4	1 & 3 write out the trills (see Fl:
ri. 100.4–101.4	54.4–55.4 above)
Fl: 101.4	<b>4, 5a<sup>p</sup>, &amp; 5b<sup>p</sup></b> lack a staccato
Pn: 106.1-5 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give the slur between the
E1. 100 4 100 4	notes stems down
Fl: 108.4–109.4	1 & 3 write out the trills (see FI:
	2.4–3.4 above, but now one octave
E1 110 4 10	lower)
Fl: 110.4–10	4 lacks a crescendo
Pn: 110.5	stem up on g <sup>1</sup> added on authority of
EL 1122 1142	1 (but given as G) and cf. 12.5 (rh)
FI: 113.2–114.2	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 8a stop the longer
	phrase and phrase these notes together;
D 1151	1, 3, & 8b follow 2 as printed
Pn: 115.1-	•
116.5 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7-	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8slurs added on authority of 17
116.5 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121 Pn: 118.3 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121 Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121 Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh) Pn: 120.1-121.2	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 &	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup>
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 &	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup>
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p'
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup>
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , &
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , &
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh) Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4,
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4,
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2 Fl: 127.5	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2 Fl: 127.5	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a slur on these
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh) Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2 Fl: 127.5  Fl: 127.5-8	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a slur on these notes only
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh)  Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.1-2 (lh) Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2 Fl: 127.5-8  Pn: 127.3 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a slur on these notes only 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 7a (cf. Fl in 4)
116.5 (rh) Pn: 115.5-6 & 7- Pn: 117-121  Pn: 118.3 (lh) Pn: 119.1-3 (lh) Pn: 120.1-121.2 Pn: 120.6-8 & 9-12 Fl: 122.1  Pn: 122.7 & 11 (lh) Pn: 124.1-2 (lh) Fl: 126.1  Pn: 126.1 (lh) Fl: 126.1-128.2 Fl: 127.5  Fl: 127.5-8  Pn: 127.3 (lh) Pn: 128.1-4 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a slur 8 slurs added on authority of 17 in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc clearly stresses the melody 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives three crotchets; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves  slurs added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> continue 'mf' dynamic (which is restated in 3); 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p' 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 2 gives f <sup>1</sup> sharp; emended on authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave 'f added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> (cf. Pn: 126) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give B instead of BB 8b plays this in one phrase 'sans rigueur' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 7a 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a slur on these notes only 'sans rigueur' added on authority of

d1 sharp not tied over in 5as & 5bs Pn: 128.4 (rh) (but tied over in 1) Fl: 129.4 [6] added on authority of 130 Pn: 130.1 (lh) 5as & 5bs lack lower octave Fl & Pn: 132 beats 2 & 3 2 gives a minum followed by an additional measure which has been scratched out; 1 contains a slightly different but similar reading Pn: 133.1 redundant 'p' omitted Fl: 134.3 'céder' added on authority of 4, 5as&p, & 5bs&p 'pp' added on authority of 3 Pn: 134.4 (lh) 'céder' added on authority of 4, 5as, & 5b<sup>s</sup> Fl: 134-36 3 contains three different endings and 2 contains a variant of the third ending. Poulenc's decision to change Fl: 134.6 to a g<sup>2</sup> natural must have been a later decision. The ending in 2



has been emended on authority of 4,  $5a^{s\&p}$ ,  $5b^{s\&p}$ , 8a, & 8b. The four variant

Fl: 136.1 **5a<sup>s</sup> & 5b<sup>s</sup>** give a crotchet

## Movement 2

Location	Source and Comment
Rubric	1 gives 'Assez Bien Lent'
Pn: 1.1 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'Doucement baigné de pédale'
Fl: 3.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a staccato; 5a <sup>p</sup> & 5b <sup>p</sup>
	give no articulation
Pn: 3.1–8.4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> place slurs over each group
	of 4 quavers
Fl: 6.2-4	5ap & 5bp lack the slur
Fl: 10.1–2	2 & 8b lack a decrescendo; emended on authority of 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 8a
Pn: 10 2-8	2 lacks a decrescendo; emended on
	authority of 1, 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 13.1 (lh)	2 omits dot on minim
Pn: 17.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack 'p'
Pn: 17	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> garble the meaning of the
	lines indicating the melodic line
	$c^2-d^2-e^2$ [dot missing] – $a^1$

Pn: 18.1 (rh)	5as & 5bs lack the indication for the
	thumb and erroneously make the
	d <sup>1</sup> -f <sup>1</sup> a crotchet
Fl: 19.2-5	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a decrescendo,
	but it is not played in 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 22.1-4 & 5-6	5 5as & 5bs lack slurs
Fl & Pn: 23.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'p'
Pn: 23.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves
Pn: 24.1-2	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> place the line between a and
	e flat
Pn: 25.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octaves
Fl: 26.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> erroneously give a quaver
	rest
Pn: 26.1	5as & 5bs give 'mf'
FI: 27.1-2	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a decrescendo
Pn: 28.1 (lh)	2 erroneously gives a crotchet rest
Fl: 29.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> erroneously give a quaver
	rest
FI: 29.8-30.1	<b>2, 4, 5a<sup>s&amp;p</sup>, &amp; 5b<sup>s&amp;p</sup></b> slur only the last
	two demisemiquavers in 29; emended
	on authority of 3 (cf. 26.12-27.1)
Fl: 30.1	5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a decrescendo, but
	it is not played in 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn 30.1-2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
Pn: 30.1-4 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a decrescendo
F1: 33.3	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give an f <sup>2</sup> flat
Fl & Pn: 34	2 gives a 3/4 bar emended on authority
	of 4 (Fl), 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c

## Ex. 4



Fl: 35.1	5as & 5bs give a decrescendo
Fl: 35.1	2, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give an accent
	over the c <sup>1</sup> ; emended on authority of
	1, 3, 8a, & 8b
F1: 35.1	2, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'f'; emended
	on authority of 3 (1 gives 'pp')
Pn: 36.1-2, 3-4,	
7-8 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack slurs
Pn: 39.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'mp'
Fl: 41.6-8	4 & $5a^{s\&p}$ lack the $f^2$ sharp- $g^2$ - $f^2$
	sharp figure which has been added in
	5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> . Rampal (interview) indicated
	that this is one of the specific changes
	that Poulenc approved; emended on
	authority of 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> and Rampal;
	wanting on 8a, 8b, & 8c
Fl & Pn: 41	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'en animant' and
	8a hastens the tempo here; emended on
	these bases

Pn: 41.1-42.6 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccatos
Pn: 41.3	$5a^s$ lacks the sharp; emended on authority of $5b^s$ and context of the measure
Pn: 45	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give
Ex. 5	
9: 1	# 7

Fl: 47.1-2	tie added on authority of 3, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 48.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'céder'
Pn: 50.1 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a tie on the E flat
Pn: 51 beats 1 &	Sa & Sb lack a tie on the E hat
3 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a sostenuto on the C
- ()	sharp but give one on the C; sostenu-
	tos added to both for consistency
F1: 52.1	'f' added on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup>
Pn: 52.5-6 (lh)	slur added on authority of 5as & 5bs
Fl: 54	decrescendo added on authority of 1,
	3, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> (not in 4)
Pn: 54.2-55.1	in 1 Poulenc gives the fingering 1, 5,
	4, 1, 5 (tied over), 1 for the moving
	line in the 1h
Pn: 55.3-8 (lh)	5as & 5bs lack slur
Pn: 55.5-6 (rh)	decrescendo added on authority of
	5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Fl: 56.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'pp'
Fl: 57.5–8	2 gives quaver rest-d <sup>2</sup> quaver-e <sup>2</sup> flat
	quaver; emended to follow 1, 3, 4,
	5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c (cf. 4)
Fl: 60.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'ppp'
Pn: $60.1-2$ (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack lower octave
Fl: 62.1	2 lacks dot on f <sup>1</sup> ; 1, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup>
	give an accent
Pn: 62.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'p'
Pn: 62.2 (lh)	5as & 5bs lack '(dessus)'
Pn: 63.3 (lh)	5as & 5bs lack comma
Pn: 64.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack the fermata

## Movement 3

Location

Note: discrepencies in articulations between  $5a^s$  &  $5b^s$  and the new edition are too numerous to log in this movement. They have been completely logged through 27 after which only the most important cases are mentioned.

Source and Comment

Locuiton	Source and Comment			
Rubric	2, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> all lack rehearsal number 1; emended on authority of 1			
	& 3			
Pn: 1.1-3 (lh)	5as & 5bs lack accent and two			
	staccatos (cf. 20)			
Pn: 2.2 (rh)	1, 2, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a staccato. The			
	staccato is also given in Pn: 4.2 (rh).			
	1, 2, & 3, the three sources in			
	Poulenc's hand, are quite inconsistent			
	in using the staccato mark. Because			
	Poulenc is very consistent in playing it			
	in 8a. 8b. & 8c. the staccato has been			

	added in square brackets (but not		authority of 1, 3, 8a, & 8c (cf. Pn:
	reported) in both the rh and lh when		42.1-47.1; see also 63.1-68.4)
	this figure occurs.	Pn: 39.1 (rh)	2 gives an accent here and in the
Pn: 4.2 (rh)	5as & 5bs lack staccato		parallel passage in 62.1; not found in
Pn: 4.2 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack indication of pedal		any other source. It is not consistent
	release		with the way he plays the passage and
Fl: 4.3	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'f'		has been suppressed in both instances.
Pn: 5.1 & 7.1 (ll	n) 5as & 5bs lack sostenuto marks on f <sup>1</sup>	Pn: 45.1-48.1 (rl	h)continuing slur omitted; emended on
(	sharp and a <sup>1</sup>	(	authority of 39–41
Pn: 5.1 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccato on bottom note	Fl: 45.3-4	2 omits the slur; emended on authority
. ,	h) 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give accents	11. 13.3	of 1, 3, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 6.1–11.2	each note marked staccato; 5as & 5bs	Pn: 52.1-54.3	2, although it has a variant reading of
111. 0.1–11.2	give 'stacc.'	111. 52.1-54.5	
El. 0.2 / 7 9	give stace.		the actual notes, marks this entire
FI: 9.3–4, 7–8,	1 2 % 2 sine stresstant amounted to		passage staccato; on 8a, 8b, & 8c
& 10.3–4	1, 2, & 3 give staccatos; emended to	D 55 1 (1)	Poulenc plays staccato
	slurs on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> ,	Pn: 55.1 (rh)	5a & 5b erroneously give a quaver
<b>D</b> 10.5	8a, 8b, & 8c	Pn: 57.3 (lh)	1 & 2 give A flat; emended on authority
Pn: 10.2	1 & 2 give a <sup>1</sup> ; emended on authority		of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
	of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a	Pn: 59.1 &	
Fl: 11.1-8	8a & 8c slur this in two groups, while	61.1 (lh)	d <sup>1</sup> flat and f <sup>1</sup> lack sostenuto marks
	8b follows what is printed; cf. 202	Pn: 60.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give an accent which is not
	where 8a, 8b, & 8c all follow what is		played on 8a, 8b, & 8c
	printed	Pn: 62.3-4 (lh)	1 & 2 repeat the first beat $e^1$ flat $-g^1$ ;
Pn: 11.3-12.1	staccatos added on authority of 8a		emended on authority of 5as & 5bs
Pn: 12 (rh)	1 & 2 give e <sup>1</sup> ; quaver followed by		(cf. 38). Poulenc probably originally
` '	quaver and crotchet rests; emended on		conceived this phrase as parallel to
	authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a		59–60.
Pn: 13.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack sostenuto marks after	FI: 63.1-66.1	2, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give two phrases
111. 15.1 (111)	g <sup>1</sup> sharp and b <sup>1</sup>	11. 05.1 - 00.1	66.1–67.1 & 67.2–69.1; emended on
Pn: 15.4 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack accent		authority of 1, 3, 8a, 8b, & 8c (cf. Pn:
Fl: 16.3	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> lack staccatos		
		El & D., (2.1	66.1-69.1; see also Pn: 42.1-47.1)
Pn: 16:4	4, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccatos	Fl & Pn: 63.1	5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'mf'
Pn: 1/.2-18.1 (II	h) 2 gives $d^1-e^1$ ; both crotchets a seventh	Pn: 63.1 (rh)	2 gives an accent here and in the
	above the bass; emended on authority		parallel passage in 39.1 not found in
	of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a		any other source. It is not consistent
Pn: 18.3 (lh)	<b>5a<sup>s</sup> &amp; 5b<sup>s</sup></b> give d <sup>1</sup> in error (cf. 209.3		with the way he plays the passage and
	(lh)); 1 & 3 also give b		has been suppressed in both instances.
Fl: 19.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack accent (but given in 4,		4, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack an accent
	5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> )	Pn: 69.1–70.3	in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc plays this
Pn: 19.1	5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, & 8b give no change of		passage staccato; cf. also 51. 1 –52.4
	dynamics	Pn: 71.1-82.2	5as & 5bs give only the rubrics 'sec.'
Pn: 19.1-4	5as & 5bs lack staccatos		and 'sans péd.' The individual staccato
Pn: 20.1	cf. 1		marks in 1 & 2 have been restored. In
Pn: 20.2-3	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccatos (cf. 1)		83-86 no staccato marks are given in
Pn: 21.1-2 (lh)	emended on authority of 8a		1 & 2. They have been added on the
Pn: 23.1	5as & 5bs lack accent		basis of 8a, 8b, & 8c.
FI: 24.1-2, 5-6		Fl: 73.1	1, 2, & 3 give semiquaver g <sup>2</sup> followed
25.1-2	5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> lack staccatos		by dotted quaver and quaver rests;
Pn: 24.1-26.4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccatos		emended on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , &
Fl: 28.1 & 30.1	1 & 2 contain full semibreve rests in		5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> and on the basis that Poulenc
11. 20.1 & 50.1	both mm.; 3 contains a semiquaver b <sup>3</sup>		probably altered this figure when he
	altered in Rampal's hand to b <sup>2</sup> fol-		noted that it was not in conformance
	lowed by dotted quaver and crotchet		with similar figures in 74.2–75.1 and
	rests for 28.1 and a semibreve rest for	E1. 74.0 75.1	80.2–81.1.
	30.1; emended on authority of 4,	Fl: 74.2-75.1	1 & 2 give this passage an octave
TH. 04.5	5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c		higher; emended on authority of 4,
Fl: 31.3	staccato added to parallel 16.3		5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c. The flute is
Pn: 31.4 (rh)	2 gives staccato; emended on authority		silent in 3.
	of <b>5a<sup>s</sup> &amp; 5b<sup>s</sup></b>		) 1 & 2 lack staccatos
Fl: 33.3	note stem and flag wanting	Fl: 85.1–86.1	2, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> lack tie; added on
FI: 39.1-42.1	2, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give two phrases		authority of 189-90
	39.1-40.1 & 40.2-42.1; emended on	FI: 85-86	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a crescendo
			-

Fl: 86.2-87.2	5ap & 5bp lack the slur	Pn: 118	pedal release not in 2, 5as, & 5bs;
Pn: 86.4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a g, but 1 & 8a, 8b, &		emended on authority of 1
	8c confirm the reading in 2	Pn: 119.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack rubric; also in 1
Pn: 87.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give f sharp and d <sup>1</sup> , but 1	Pn: 127.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give a decrescendo
D 071 001	confirms 2	Pn: 128.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'f'
Pn:87.1-92.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give only the rubric 'stacc.'	Pn: 129.1 (lh)	2 lacks crotchet rest
Fl: 92	2 gives only a d <sup>3</sup> sharp quaver fol-	Fl: 133.1–3	1, 2, & 3 lack a tenuto over each note;
	lowed by quaver and crotchet rests;		emended on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> ,
	emended on authority of 3, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c	Fl: 134.1	5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, & 8b (cf. Pn: 119) accent found only in 2, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> (cf.
Fl: 92.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack accent	11. 154.1	Pn: 132)
Fl: 93.1	2 lacks dynamic mark; emended on	Pn: 135.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'mf'
11. 75.1	authority of 1, 3, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> and	Fl: 143.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'mf'
	Pn part	Fl: 143.3 &	i, ou , or ear give my
Pn: 93.1-4 (rh)	1 & 2 give $d^1-b^1-g^1-b^1$ ; emended on	144.3	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> lack staccatos
` ,	authority of 5as, 5bs, & 8a	Fl: 145.1-147.1	2 fails to maintain an 8° sign, and the
Pn: 95.1-96.1 (rh	) 1 & 2 give $d^1-b^1-g^1-b^1-c^1$ ; emended		part is notated an octave too low
	on authority of 5as, 5bs, & 8a	Fl: 146.1	5as & 5bs lack accent (also in 4, 5ap,
Pn: 97.1-4 (rh)	<b>1 &amp; 2</b> give $e^1$ flat- $c^2$ - $a^1$ flat- $c^2$ ; emended		& 5b <sup>p</sup> and cf. comment for Fl: 134.1
	on authority of 5as, 5bs, & 8a		above)
Fl: 98.1–99.1	In 2 Poulenc neglected to indicate the	Fl: 149.1	<b>4, 5a<sup>s</sup>, &amp; 5b<sup>s</sup></b> give 'p'; <b>8b</b> also uses 'p'
	octave transposition as he moved to	Pn: 149.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'stacc.'
E1 100	the second brace.	FI: 149.5–150.1 &	_
F1: 100	2 lacks dynamic mark; emended on	FI: 153.5-156.1	1-3 give a crotchet d <sup>2</sup> followed by
D. 100	authority of 1, 2, 5a <sup>5</sup> , & 5b <sup>5</sup>		quaver & semiquaver rests; emended
Pn: 100 Pn: 100.1–103.3	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give 'f' in 8a, 8b, & 8c Poulenc plays this		on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
FII. 100.1-103.3	passage quasi staccato	Pn: 150.2	in 106 Poulenc marks this passage 'f'
Fl: 103.1-2	2 lacks tie; emended on authority of	111. 150.2	& 'p'; at 151.2 on <b>8a &amp; 8c</b> he makes a
11. 103.1 2	4, 5a <sup>s</sup> , & 5b <sup>s</sup>		noticeable accent, but on <b>8b</b> he does
Pn & Fl: 104.1	5as & 5bs marked 'léger et mordant';		not. In 1 & 2 the B minor chord is
	1, 3, 4, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup> not marked		one octave lower; emended on autho-
Pn: 104.1-111.4	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack staccato marks; 1		rity of 5as, 5bs, 8a, 8b, & 8c
	marked 'staccatissimo'	Pn: 151.1	5as & 5bs give an accent
Fl: 106.1	2 & 3 give a tenuto; emended on	Fl: 153.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'mf'
	authority of 1, 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, & 8b	Fl: 158.1-4	1, 2, & 3 give $c^2-e^2$ flat- $a^2$ flat- $e^2$ flat;
Pn: 106.1 & 3	dynamics added on authority of 5as,		emended on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> ,
TI 406 A D 10T A	5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a	<b>T</b> 1 160 1 1	5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
F1: 106.2 & 107.3	1, 2, & 3 give g <sup>3</sup> ; emended on author-	F1: 160.1-4	1, 2, & 3 give e <sup>2</sup> flat-g <sup>2</sup> flat-c <sup>3</sup> flat-g <sup>2</sup>
D 107 2	ity of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c		flat; emended on authority of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> ,
Pn: 106 2	<b>5a</b> erroneously gives a c <sup>2</sup> sharp which	Day 161 1	5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 107.1, 109.1,	is corrected in 5b <sup>s</sup>	Pn: 161.1	pedal indication added on authority of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
& 111.1 (lh)	5as & 5bs give accents	Fl: 161.2-165.2	2 lacks all ties; emended on authority
Pn: 111.2 (lh)	1 & 2 give BB & B	11. 101.2 103.2	of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
Pn: 114.3-4 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a decrescendo	Pn: 164.2	$5a^{s}$ & $5b^{s}$ lack the lower octave $c^{2}$ ,
Pn: 115.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack 'mf'		which also occurs in 1
Fl: 115 (end)	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'céder'	Fl & Pn: 167	1 & 2 give 'Subito le double plus
	1, 2, & 3 give Ex. 6; emended on		lent', 3 gives 'Double plus lent', & 4,
	authority of 4, 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c		5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'Subito più lento
<b>t</b>			J = 66'. Rampal has said that 'Subito
Ex. 6			deux fois plus lent' would be more
20			correct French. See Harper's letter to
			the editor in <i>The Flutist Quarterly</i> 17,
			No. 3 (1992): 7. The metronome
12			marking is actually less than half the
19 , ,		Fl: 167.1	tempo. 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'f'
		Fl: 167.1–168.5	8b gives two phrases; 8a & 8c give
		11. 107.1 100.3	two phrases: 167.1–4 and 167.5–
9: •			168.5
\			

Pn: 169.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give no dynamic & place an accent on beat one (rh)	Fl: 198.4	staccato added to parallel 6.5 (also in 1 & 3)
Fl: 170.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'p'	Pn: 199.1 (rh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give both an accent and a tenuto (cf. 8)
Pn: 173.1–2 (rh) Fl: 174.1	2 gives c <sup>1</sup> -b natural 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give no new	Pn: 200.1-203.1	2 lacks staccatos; emended to parallel
	dynamic; <b>1 &amp; 3</b> confirm 'f'; <b>8a &amp; 8c</b> play 'p' and <b>8b</b> 'pp'	Pn: 201.2	9.1–12.1 1 & 2 give a <sup>1</sup> ; emended on authority
Pn: 175.1-186.4	cf. 71.1–82.4, the parallel passage, in which Poulenc marks the lh staccato	Pn: 203.1	of 5a <sup>s</sup> , 5b <sup>s</sup> , & 8a 1 & 2 give e <sup>1</sup> quaver followed by
Fl: 183.1-4 &			quaver and crotchet rests; emended on
187.1 - 4	1, 2, & 3 slur the semiquavers in groups of four; emended on authority	Pn: 205.1 (rh)	authority of <b>5a<sup>s</sup></b> , <b>5b<sup>s</sup></b> , <b>&amp; 8a</b> (cf. 12) <b>5a<sup>s</sup> &amp; 5b<sup>s</sup></b> lack accent
	of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c, which slur the semiquavers in pairs	Pn: 206.2–3 (rh) Fl: 207.3	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a slur staccato added to agree with 16.3 and
Fl: 189.1	'ff' added on authority of 4, 5as&p,	Pn: 207.4	31.3 5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give no change in dynamics
Fl: 189–190	5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c (cf. Pn) 2 lacks ties	Pn: 208.2 (lh)	2 gives d <sup>1</sup> -e <sup>1</sup> both crotchets a seventh
Pn: 189.1–190.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack accents on lower part of rh		above the bass; emended on authority of <b>5a<sup>s</sup></b> , <b>5b<sup>s</sup></b> , <b>&amp; 8a</b> (cf. 17)
Fl & Pn: 190/191	1 & 2 give an extra m. identical to 189	Pn: 210.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give an a <sup>1</sup> above the f <sup>1</sup> sharp
	at this point; emended on authority of 4, 5a <sup>p</sup> , 5b <sup>p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c	Pn: 210.3	2 gives e-d <sup>1</sup> -g <sup>1</sup> sharp-c <sup>2</sup> sharp; emended
Fl: 191.2–192.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack slur, which is also found in 1, 4, 5a <sup>p</sup> , & 5b <sup>p</sup>	F1: 211	on authority of 8a 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a crotchet and
Pn: 191.3 (rh)	1, 2, & 8a give e instead of the f given in 5as & 5bs	Fl: 215	crotchet rest (cf. 20)  1 & 2 give crotchet e <sup>3</sup> plus quaver and
Fl: 192.1	2, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give a redundant 'ff'		crotchet rests; emended on authority of $5a^{s\&p}$ , $5b^{s\&p}$ , $8a$ , & $8b$
Fl & Pn: 192–210	In essence this passage mirrors 1–19. The reading in 2 is not consistent with	Fl: 217.1	4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , & 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> give 'mf'
	its earlier statement in 2 or with those in $5a^{s\&p}$ & $5b^{s\&p}$ . Source 2 clearly	Pn: 218.1 (rh) Pn: 218.1–4 (lh)	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack d <sup>2</sup> flat & tenuto 2 adds four quavers e flat-b-flat, d <sup>1</sup>
	replaces some staccato marks with tenutos, which have not been retained	Pn: 219.1	flat-f <sup>1</sup> over the e flat minim <b>5a<sup>s</sup> &amp; 5b<sup>s</sup></b> give 'f' (which is consistent
	in the edition. Moreover, the articu-	Pn: 220.1	with the Pn part)  2 gives this an octave lower; emended
	lation in the flute part in 200–201 differs from that in 9–11 & 24–25.		on authority of 8a
Pn: 193.3–94 (lh) Pn: 195.1–2 (lh)	'sans pédale' added (cf. 2.3-3.1 (lh)) '[Péd. *]' added (cf. 4.1-2 (lh))	Pn: 222.1 Pn: 232.3	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> lack a tenuto
Pn: 197.1 (rh)	5as & 5bs give both an accent and a	(rh & lh) Fl: 233.3-236.1	5a <sup>s</sup> & 5b <sup>s</sup> give accents 2 lacks a slur; emended on authority
Fl: 197.5	tenuto (cf. 6) staccato added to parallel 6.5 (also in	11, 200,0-200,1	of 4, 5a <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 5b <sup>s&amp;p</sup> , 8a, 8b, & 8c
	1 & 3)		

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Carl B. Schmidt, Editor Patricia Harper, Consulting Editor

# **SONATE**

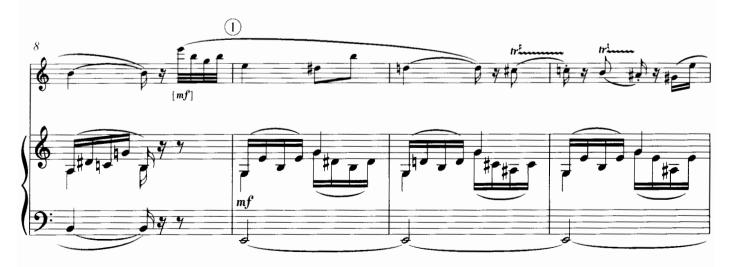
pour Flûte et Piano

FRANCIS POULENC (1957)

# 1 Allegretto malincolico























# 2 Cantilena









# 3 Presto giocoso





















